

Combining multiple imputations

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Carlin *et al.* (2003) illustrate the use of their Stata `texttt` for multiple imputations with data from a cohort study of adolescent health. Five sets of imputations were done, separately for male and female participants. The resulting datasets are in `mitools/dta`.

First we read all the datasets into R, using `read.dta` from the `foreign` package.

```
> library(mitools)
> data.dir<-system.file("dta",package="mitools")
> ## read in data
> library(foreign)
> women<-imputationList(lapply(list.files(data.dir,
+                                     pattern="f.\\.dta",full=TRUE),
+                                     read.dta, warn.missing.labels=FALSE))
> men<-imputationList(lapply(list.files(data.dir,
+                                     pattern="m.\\.dta",full=TRUE),
+                                     read.dta, warn.missing.labels=FALSE))
```

We now combine the imputations for men and women, first defining a `sex` variable

```
> ## add sex variable
> women<-update(women,sex=0)
> men<-update(men, sex=1)
> ## combine two sets of imputations
> all<-rbind(women,men)
> all
```

```

MI data with 5 datasets
Call: rbind(deparse.level, ...)

> colnames(all)
[1] "id"      "wave"     "mmetro"   "parsmk"   "drkfre"   "alcdos"
[7] "alcdhi"  "smk"      "cistot"   "mdrkfre"  "sex"

Now tabulate drinking frequency by sex

> with(all, table(sex, drkfre))

[[1]]
drkfre
sex Non drinker not in last wk <3 days last wk >=3 days last wk
  0        282          201          105          12
  1        207          194          134          35

[[2]]
drkfre
sex Non drinker not in last wk <3 days last wk >=3 days last wk
  0        282          195          109          14
  1        200          200          132          38

[[3]]
drkfre
sex Non drinker not in last wk <3 days last wk >=3 days last wk
  0        278          202          109          11
  1        209          194          131          36

[[4]]
drkfre
sex Non drinker not in last wk <3 days last wk >=3 days last wk
  0        284          188          114          14
  1        203          206          128          33

[[5]]
drkfre
sex Non drinker not in last wk <3 days last wk >=3 days last wk

```

0	288	191	109	12
1	206	192	136	36

```

attr(,"call")
with(all, table(sex, drkfre))

and define a new 'regular drinking' variables.

> all<-update(all, drkreg=as.numeric(drkfre)>2)
> ## tables
> with(all, table(sex, drkreg))

[[1]]
drkreg
sex FALSE TRUE
0     483   117
1     401   169

[[2]]
drkreg
sex FALSE TRUE
0     477   123
1     400   170

[[3]]
drkreg
sex FALSE TRUE
0     480   120
1     403   167

[[4]]
drkreg
sex FALSE TRUE
0     472   128
1     409   161

[[5]]
drkreg
sex FALSE TRUE

```

```

0    479  121
1    398  172

attr(,"call")
with(all, table(sex, drkreg))

```

We can now fit a logistic regression model for trends over time in drinking:

```

> ## logistic regression model
> model1<-with(all, glm(drkreg~wave*sex, family=binomial()))
> MIcombine(model1)

Multiple imputation results:
  with(all, glm(drkreg ~ wave * sex, family = binomial()))
  MIcombine.default(model1)
      results          se
(Intercept) -2.25974358 0.26830731
wave         0.24055250 0.06587423
sex          0.64905222 0.34919264
wave:sex     -0.03725422 0.08609199

> summary(MIcombine(model1))

Multiple imputation results:
  with(all, glm(drkreg ~ wave * sex, family = binomial()))
  MIcombine.default(model1)
      results          se      (lower      upper) missInfo
(Intercept) -2.25974358 0.26830731 -2.78584855 -1.7336386   4 %
wave         0.24055250 0.06587423  0.11092461  0.3701804  12 %
sex          0.64905222 0.34919264 -0.03537187  1.3334763   1 %
wave:sex     -0.03725422 0.08609199 -0.20623121  0.1317228   7 %

```

For model objects with `coef` and `vcov` methods the extraction of coefficients and variances is automatic, but `MIextract` can still be used:

```

> beta<-MIextract(model1, fun=coef)
> vars<-MIextract(model1, fun=vcov)
> summary(MIcombine(beta,vars))

```

```

Multiple imputation results:
  MIcombine.default(beta, vars)
    results          se      (lower      upper) missInfo
(Intercept) -2.25974358 0.26830731 -2.78584855 -1.7336386      4 %
wave         0.24055250 0.06587423  0.11092461  0.3701804     12 %
sex          0.64905222 0.34919264 -0.03537187  1.3334763      1 %
wave:sex    -0.03725422 0.08609199 -0.20623121  0.1317228      7 %

```

References

Carlin JB, Li N, Greenwood P, Coffey C. (2003) Tools for analyzing multiply imputed datasets. *Stata Journal* 3:1–20.