

Package ‘ggedit’

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Type Package

Title Interactive 'ggplot2' Layer and Theme Aesthetic Editor

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Author Jonathan Sidi [aut, cre]

Maintainer Jonathan Sidi <yonicd@gmail.com>

Description Interactively edit 'ggplot2' layer and theme aesthetics definitions.

Depends R (>= 4.3.0), ggplot2 (>= 3.5.0)

Imports plyr, dplyr, tidyr, purrr, rlang, tibble, scales, rstudioapi,
shiny, miniUI, shinyBS, colourpicker, shinyAce, utils,
graphics, grid, tools, stats

Suggests testthat, covr

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URL <https://github.com/yonicd/ggedit>

BugReports <https://github.com/yonicd/ggedit/issues>

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+.gg	<i>add layer</i>
------	------------------

Description

add layer from gg object

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'gg'
e1 + e2
```

Arguments

e1	plot
e2	layer

Value

gg

<code>-.gg</code>	<i>remove layer</i>
-------------------	---------------------

Description

remove layer from gg object

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'gg'  
e1 - e2
```

Arguments

<code>e1</code>	plot
<code>e2</code>	layer

Value

`gg`

<code>as.ggedit</code>	<i>Try to coerce a ggplot object into a ggedit object</i>
------------------------	---

Description

Applied to ggplot objects to use the plotting function of ggedit.

Usage

```
as.ggedit(plot)
```

Arguments

<code>plot</code>	an object
-------------------	-----------

Value

an object of class ggedit

See Also

[print.ggedit](#), [ggplot](#)

Examples

```
p <- ggplot2::ggplot(iris,ggplot2::aes(x =Sepal.Length,y=Sepal.Width))

p1 <- p +
  ggplot2::geom_point(ggplot2::aes(colour=Species)) +
  ggplot2::geom_line()

p2 <- p +
  ggplot2::geom_point() +
  ggplot2::geom_smooth(method='loess')

p3 <- list(p1,p2)

p4 <- as.ggedit(p3)

p4
```

`as.gglist`

recasts to gglist

Description

adds gglist class to object

Usage

```
as.gglist(plot)

## S3 method for class 'gglist'
as.gglist(plot)

## S3 method for class 'list'
as.gglist(plot)

## S3 method for class 'ggplot'
as.gglist(plot)

## S3 method for class 'ggmatrix'
as.gglist(plot)
```

Arguments

`plot` object

Value

gglist object

cloneFacet	<i>Clone ggplot facet object</i>
------------	----------------------------------

Description

Clone ggplot facet object and return either a gg object or the script to parse and evaluate

Usage

```
cloneFacet(obj, verbose = FALSE)
```

Arguments

obj	gg facet wrap or facet_grid object
verbose	boolean, toggles to return object or script (TRUE), Default: FALSE

Value

gg object or script

Examples

```
obj <- ggplot2::facet_grid(  
  rows = vars("a", "b"), cols = vars("c", "d"),  
  scales = 'free', as.table = FALSE, switch = 'x', shrink = FALSE  
)  
  
cloneFacet(obj)  
cloneFacet(obj, verbose = TRUE)
```

cloneLayer	<i>Creates an independent copy of a ggplot layer object</i>
------------	---

Description

Creates copies of ggplot layers from within ggplot objects that are independent of the parent object.

Usage

```
cloneLayer(l, verbose = FALSE, showDefaults = TRUE)
```

Arguments

l	ggplot2 object layer
verbose	toggle to control if the output is ggproto object (verbose==FALSE,default) or string of layer call (verbose==TRUE)
showDefaults	toggle to control if the verbose output shows all the input arguments passed to the proto object (if verbose==FALSE then ignored)

Details

ggplot objects are comprised of layer objects. Once compiled they are part of the plot object environment and if they are changed internally regardless of where they are in the (ie different environment) it will change the original plot. This function allows to create replicates of the plot layers and edit them independent of the original plot. When setting verbose to TRUE function returns the ggplot2 call as a string to paste in regular ggplot script to generate the layer.

Value

ggproto or string object (conditional on verbose)

Examples

```
p <- ggplot2::ggplot(iris,ggplot2::aes(x =Sepal.Length,y=Sepal.Width))

p <- p +
  ggplot2::geom_point(ggplot2::aes(colour='Species')) +
  ggplot2::geom_line()

p$layers[[1]]

newLayer <- cloneLayer(l=p$layers[[1]])

(v <- cloneLayer(l=p$layers[[1]],verbose=TRUE))

eval(parse(text=v))
```

cloneRoot

clone root of ggplot object

Description

clone root of ggplot object and return either a new gg object or a string to parse and evaluate

Usage

```
cloneRoot(obj, verbose = FALSE)
```

Arguments

obj	ggplot object
verbose	boolean, toggles to return object or script (TRUE), Default: FALSE

Value

gg object or script

See Also[capture.output](#)**Examples**

```
cloneRoot(pList$pointSmooth)
cloneRoot(pList$pointSmooth, verbose=TRUE)
```

cloneScales*Clone ggplot2 scales from compiled ggplot objects*

Description

Clone ggplot2 scales from compiled ggplot objects returns not the original call but the nested call

Usage

```
cloneScales(p, verbose = FALSE)
```

Arguments

p	ggplot object
verbose	boolean, if TRUE then returns script to eval(parse) if FALSE returns new compiled object Default: FALSE

Value

ggplot scale or script (depends on verbose)

Examples

```
# p <- pList$pointSmooth+scale_colour_continuous(low='red')
# p
# pList$pointSmooth+cloneScales(p)
```

compare

*compare***Description**

Compare differences theme object e1 (new theme) to theme object e2 (old theme)

Usage

```
compare(e1, e2, verbose = TRUE)
```

Arguments

e1	theme object
e2	theme object
verbose	logical to control if the output is a character or script or a theme object (default TRUE)

Value

theme object or character depending on verbose

Examples

```
compare(ggplot2::theme_bw(), ggplot2::theme_get())
compare(ggplot2::theme_bw(), ggplot2::theme_get(), verbose=FALSE)
```

dput.ggedit

*Convert ggplot object to a string call***Description**

Convert ggplot object to a string call

Usage

```
dput.ggedit(obj, file = "")
```

Arguments

obj	compiled ggplot object
file	either a character string naming a file or a connection . " " indicates output to the console, Default: " "

Value

character

Examples

```
pList$pointSmooth #original compiled plot

this.gg <- dput.ggedit(pList$pointSmooth) #dput the plot

writeLines(this.gg) #show the output

eval(parse(text=this.gg)) #recompile the plot

#add theme change
p <- pList$pointSmooth+theme(panel.background = element_rect(fill='green'))

this.gg<-dput.ggedit(p) #dput the plot

writeLines(this.gg) #show the output

eval(parse(text=this.gg)) #recompile the plot
```

ggedit*Interactive shiny gadget for editing ggplot layers and themes.*

Description

Shiny gadget that takes an input ggplots and populates a user interface with objects that let the user update aesthetics of layers and theme elements.

Usage

```
ggedit(p.in, ...)
```

Arguments

p.in	ggplot plot object or list of objects
...	options that are passed to ggedit

Details

The user can start the gadget using the console `ggedit(plotobj)` or through the Addins menu in Rstudio.

If you are using the the Addin option highlight on the editor window the ggplot object and then click the addin.

Options to pass to ggedit

viewer shiny viewer options. It can be either paneViewer (default with minHeight=1000), dialogViewer, browserViewer

verbose logical to control if the output includes script for layers and themes calls for parsing to create objects (default, verbose=TRUE)

showDefaults toggle to control if the verbose output shows all the input arguments passed to the proto object (if verbose==FALSE then ignored)

width,height dimensions of the renderPlot where the active plot is displayed

Once the gadget is running the list of plots are shown in a grid and a number of objects will appear above them.

Action buttons

Cancel:

Returns a NULL object

Done:

Returns the list described below.

Dropdown list

Navigates through the plots in the input list. If the input list is a named list the names will be in the dropdown. The plot chosen is termed as the "active plot"

Radio buttons

The options to choose in the radio buttons are the layer names in the active plot.

Links

Update Plot Layer:

A pop up window will appear and be populated with aesthetic elements found in the layer chosen from the radio buttons. The layer is cloned using `cloneLayer` creating a layer independent of the original plot. If the aesthetic is a factor the values will be shown in dropdown lists. If it is numeric it will be shown in a slider. If it is a factor colour/fill aesthetic the `colourPicker` package will allow to choose from the full palette of colours. If the continuous colour/fill aesthetic a dropdown list will be shown with different palettes

Update Plot Theme:

A popup modal will appear populated with the theme elements found in the active plot. Each element will appear as having a value or empty depending if it was defined or not. The user can change or fill in any element **with valid values** and any textboxes left empty will use ggplot defaults.

Update Grid Theme:

Copies the theme of the active plot to the other plots in the list

Update Global Theme:

Copies the theme of the active plot to the session theme and all plots created outside of the gadget will have this theme.

View Layer Code:

Opens an ace editor to compare the active layer initial script call and the updated script call.

The ggplot objects returned (layers and themes) can be used on any ggplot object.

Value

List of elements

updatedPlots list containing updated ggplot objects

updatedLayers For each plot a list of updated layers (ggproto) objects

UpdatedLayersElements For each plot a list elements and their values in each layer

UpdatedLayerCalls For each plot a list of scripts that can be run directly from the console to create a layer

updatedScales For each plot a list of updated scale objects

UpdatedScalesCalls For each plot a list of scripts that can be run directly from the console to create a scale object

updatedThemes For each plot a list of updated theme objects

UpdatedThemeCalls For each plot a list of scripts that can be run directly from the console to create a theme

See Also

[cloneLayer](#), [rgg](#), [ggplot](#), [colourPicker](#)

Examples

```
p <- ggplot2::ggplot(iris,ggplot2::aes(x =Sepal.Length,y=Sepal.Width))

p <- p +
  ggplot2::geom_point(ggplot2::aes(colour=Species)) +
  ggplot2::geom_line()

if(interactive()){
  ## Not run:
  pnew <- ggedit(p)
  pnew

  ## End(Not run)
}
```

ggedit_opts

Default and current ggedit options

Description

Options for functions in the ggedit package. When running R code, the object `ggedit_opts` (default options) is not modified by chunk headers (local chunk options are merged with default options), whereas `ggedit_opts_current` (current options) changes with different chunk headers and it always reflects the options for the current chunk.

Normally we set up the global options once in the first code chunk in a document using `ggedit_opts$set()`, so that all *latter* chunks will use these options. Note the global options set in one chunk will not affect the options in this chunk itself, and that is why we often need to set global options in a separate chunk.

Usage

```
ggedit_opts  
ggedit_opts_current
```

Format

An object of class `list` of length 5.
 An object of class `list` of length 5.

Note

`ggedit_opts_current` is read-only in the sense that it does nothing if you call `ggedit_opts_current$set()`; you can only query the options via `ggedit_opts_current$get()`.

Examples

```
ggedit_opts$get('themeDefaultClass')
```

ggssave

ggssave

Description

Wrapper of `ggsave` that saves `ggplot` or list of `ggplot` objects to image or pdf.

Usage

```
ggssave(filename = "Rplot.pdf", plot = last_plot(), ...)
```

Arguments

<code>filename</code>	a character string giving the name of the file. If it is of the form " <code>lcmd</code> ", the output is piped to the command given by <code>cmd</code> . If it is <code>NULL</code> , then no external file is created (effectively, no drawing occurs), but the device may still be queried (e.g., for size of text). For use with <code>onefile = FALSE</code> give a C integer format such as " <code>Rplot%03d.pdf</code> " (the default in that case)
<code>plot</code>	<code>ggplot</code> or list of <code>ggplots</code> to save, defaults to last plot displayed
<code>...</code>	other arguments passed on to graphics device

Details

default output is to create one pdf regardless of size of list of plots inputted

Value

nothing

Examples

```
## Not run: ggsave(pList)
```

gg_session*retreive all functions that create ggproto layers or stats*

Description

Retreive all functions that create ggproto layers or stats

Usage

```
gg_session(gg_pkg = NULL)
```

Arguments

gg_pkg character, package names to search in if NULL an internal search will look in loaded packages, Default: NULL

Value

data.frame

Examples

```
gg_session('ggplot2')
```

gg_vetting*Backcheck what functions created the layers in a ggplot2 plot object*

Description

Validate geoms with their unique attributes

Usage

```
gg_vetting(p, obj = ggedit_opts$get("session_geoms"))
```

Arguments

p gg, compiled ggplot object

obj data.frame, contains the mapping of layer functions as created in gg_session(), Default: ggedit_opts\$get('session_geoms')

Value

```
data.frame
```

Examples

```
gg_vetting(pList$boxplotWrap)
lapply(pList, gg_vetting)
```

is.ggedit

Is the object of class ggedit

Description

Is the object of class ggedit. Very basic for many functions in the package.

Usage

```
is.ggedit(x)
```

Arguments

x	an object
---	-----------

Value

logical - is the object of class ggedit

is.gglist

gglist

Description

Checks if object is a gglist object

Usage

```
is.gglist(x)
```

Arguments

x	object
---	--------

Value

boolean

*layersList**layersList*

Description

Runs the `ggplot_build` function on the input and converts the output data objects into a nested list with the unique values of each of the aesthetic columns.

Usage

```
layersList(obj)
```

Arguments

`obj` ggplot2 plot object or list of plot objects

Value

list of aesthetics and their values for each layer in a plot

Examples

```
p=ggplot2::ggplot(iris,ggplot2::aes(x=Sepal.Length,y=Sepal.Width))
p=p+ggplot2::geom_point(ggplot2::aes(colour=Species))+ggplot2::geom_line()
p
p.list=layersList(p)
p.list
```

*pList**List of plots for ggedit examples*

Description

List of ggplot objects for examples in ggedit.

Usage

```
pList
```

Format

An object of class "list"

Details

list includes a `geom_point`, `geom_point+facet_wrap`, `geom_boxplot+facet_wrap`, `geom_point+geom_line`, `geom_point+geom_smooth`, `geom_point+geom_line+facet_wrap`, `geom_point+geom_line+facet_grid`

<code>print.ggedit</code>	<i>Print ggedit objects</i>
---------------------------	-----------------------------

Description

Plots lists of ggplot2 plot objects layout functionality.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'ggedit'
print(x, layout = NULL, byrow = FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

<code>x</code>	list of ggplot2 plot objects
<code>layout</code>	matrix, layout of plots like in <code>layout</code> , if NULL then a default layout is used, Default: NULL
<code>byrow</code>	boolean, argument passed to default layout (when layout is NULL), used to transpose the output.
<code>...</code>	not used

Examples

```
p <- as.gglist(pList[1:2])
p

p1 <- p+geom_hline(aes(yintercept=3))
p1

print(p1,byrow=TRUE)

print(p1,layout = matrix(c(2,2,NA,1),ncol=2))
```

<code>proto_features</code>	<i>ggplot2 layer proto extraction</i>
-----------------------------	---------------------------------------

Description

Extract geom, stat and position protos from a ggplot2 layer

Usage

```
proto_features(l)
```

Arguments

l ggproto

Value

data.frame

Examples

```
proto_features(ggplot2::geom_smooth())
proto_features(ggplot2::annotation_logticks())
```

remove_geom

Remove a layer from a compiled ggplot2 object.

Description

Removes specified layers from a ggplot object.

Usage

```
remove_geom(p, geom, idx = NULL)
```

Arguments

p	ggplot2 plot object
geom	character string of the name of the layer to remove
idx	numeric of which index of geom to remove, Default: 1

Examples

```
p <- ggplot2::ggplot(iris,ggplot2::aes(x =Sepal.Length,y=Sepal.Width))
p <- p+ggplot2::geom_point(ggplot2::aes(colour=Species))+ggplot2::geom_line()
p
pnew <- p |> remove_geom('point',1)
pnew
```

rgg*Remove and replace ggplot2 layers.*

Description

Removes specified layers from a ggplot object and gives the option to replace them with a new layer. This layer can be either a geom object created from regular ggplot functions or an output from the ggedit gadget. In the latter case the layers are found in the updatedLayers object in the ggedit output.

Usage

```
rgg(p, oldGeom, oldGeomIdx = 1, newLayer = NULL)
```

Arguments

p	ggplot2 plot object
oldGeom	character string of the name of the layer to remove
oldGeomIdx	numeric of which index of OldGeom to remove (default is 1)
newLayer	ggplot layer or list of layers

Examples

```
p <- ggplot2::ggplot(iris,ggplot2::aes(x =Sepal.Length,y=Sepal.Width))

p <- p+ggplot2::geom_point(ggplot2::aes(colour=Species))+ggplot2::geom_line()

p

p |> rgg('point',1)

if( interactive() ){
  x <- ggedit(p)
  pnew <- p |> rgg('point',1,x$updatedLayers[[1]])
  pnew
}
```

summary.ggedit*Print to console verbose outputs of objects of class ggedit*

Description

function to tidy the ggedit output to single script calls for each plot

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'ggedit'  
summary(object, ...)
```

Arguments

object	ggedit object
...	used to pass show.structure

Details

use show.structure (boolean) to control if the output shows the full data.frame structure or just a placeholder [data.frame], Default: FALSE

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