

Package ‘Fgmutils’

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Description Growth models and forest production require existing data manipulation and the creation of new data, structured from basic forest inventory data. The purpose of this package is provide functions to support these activities.

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Depends sqldf, stringr, plyr, R (>= 3.0)

Imports data.table, tcltk, utils, stats, graphics, devEMF, png,
grDevices, methods, ggplot2, gridExtra

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| | |
|---------|-------------------|
| add.col | <i>add column</i> |
|---------|-------------------|

Description

take a data-frame and a vector and combine by columns, respectively.

Usage

```
add.col(dataf, vec, namevec)
```

Arguments

| | |
|---------|------------------------------------|
| dataf | dataframe |
| vec | vector |
| namevec | the names of the columns of vector |

Value

dataf dataframe combined with the vector

`atualizaCampoBase` *updated base field*

Description

this function update certain fields in a dataframe, based on the provided key

Usage

```
atualizaCampoBase(camposAtualizar, baseAgrupada, baseAtualizar, keys,
                   verbose = FALSE)
```

Arguments

| | |
|------------------------------|---|
| <code>camposAtualizar</code> | is the vector you want to update |
| <code>baseAgrupada</code> | It is the database that contains the data you want to update on dataframe |
| <code>baseAtualizar</code> | It is dataframe that you want to change fields |
| <code>keys</code> | are the keys of the table that will be used in the compare |
| <code>verbose</code> | default false |

Value

`baseAtualizar` with the updated fields according to `baseAgrupada`

`avaliaAjuste` *avalia Ajuste*

Description

this function evaluates the quality of the adjustment of the statistical model, from observed data and those estimated by the model, observed

Usage

```
avaliaAjuste(dataFrame, variavelObservados, variavelEstimados,
            linear = TRUE, nParametros = NA, intercepto = TRUE, plot = NA,
            modelo = NA, resumo = FALSE, emf = TRUE)
```

Arguments

| | |
|--------------------|---|
| dataFrame | dataFrame with information observed, estimated |
| variavelObservados | vector of values observed. |
| variavelEstimados | vector of values estimated. |
| linear | boolean is linear model |
| nParametros | number of parameters used in the adjusted model |
| intercepto | if you model is no-intercepto use FALSE |
| plot | Vector graphic information |
| modelo | the name of the adjusted model |
| resumo | if you want summary information, use TRUE |
| emf | to save the graphic in the format emf use TRUE |

avaliaEstimativas *calculate Estimates*

Description

given a list of observations and an estimated list of these observations this function evaluates how close it is the estimated value of observed and saves the differences

Usage

```
avaliaEstimativas(observado, estimado, estatisticas, ajuste = NULL,
graficos = NULL, salvarEm = NULL, nome = "observadoXestimado")
```

Arguments

| | |
|--------------|---|
| observado | list containing the observations of variable |
| estimado | list containing estimates of variable |
| estatisticas | list of arg to calc estatistics |
| ajuste | is ajust obtained a function like lm or nlsLM |
| graficos | list of arg to plot graphics |
| salvarEm | directory to save files |
| nome | name of files will be save |

Value

will be returned

avaliaVolumeAgeBased *avalia Volume Age Based*

Description

this function evaluate volume based on ages

Usage

```
avaliaVolumeAgeBased(base, firstAge, lastAge, models, mapper = list(age1
  = "idade1", age2 = "idade2", dap1 = "dap1", dap2 = "dap2", dap2est =
  "dap2est", ht1 = "ht1", ht2 = "ht2", ht2est = "ht2est", volume1 =
  "volume1", volume2 = "volume2", volume2est = "volume2est"),
  groupBy = "parcela", save = NULL, percTraining = 0.7,
  paramEstatisticsDAP, paramEstatisticsHT, paramEstatisticsVolume,
  plot = "parcela", ageER = "^.*)_ ", ageRound = NaN, ageInYears = F,
  forcePredict = F)
```

Arguments

| | |
|------------------------|--|
| base | the data base |
| firstAge | the first age to eval |
| lastAge | the last age to eval |
| models | list of exclusive for base models |
| mapper | mapper from labels of fields volume, dap, ht |
| groupBy | name field of base is group of individuals |
| save | list of param to save the files |
| percTraining | percentage that will be reserved for training (default 0.70) |
| paramEstatisticsDAP | parameters to pass to function 'fnAvaliaEstimativas' |
| paramEstatisticsHT | analogous to paramEstatisticsDAP |
| paramEstatisticsVolume | analogous to paramEstatisticsDAP |
| plot | is list of plots to function roundAges |
| ageER | regex used to discover age in names from dataframe in listOfdata |
| ageRound | synchronize begin of ages with an age? what age? |
| ageInYears | ages are in year? |
| forcePredict | force the calculation without using predict? |

Value

will be returned a list of round ages

avaliaVolumeAvancado *evaluates Volume Advanced*

Description

this function performs an assessment of estimates of a variable as the forcefulness with expected

Usage

```
avaliaVolumeAvancado(base, mapeamento = list(dap1 = "dap1", dap2 =
  "dap2", ht1 = "ht1", ht2 = "ht2"), modelos = NULL, salvar = NULL,
  graficos = NULL, estatisticas = NULL, forcePredict = F,
  dividirEm = "parcela", percentualDeTreino = 0.7,
  agruparPor = "parcela", fnCalculaVolume = calculaVolumeDefault)
```

Arguments

| | |
|--------------------|---|
| base | data.frame with data |
| mapeamento | name of field eight and diameter |
| modelos | list of exclusive for base models |
| salvar | list of param to save the files |
| graficos | list of param to plot graphics |
| estatisticas | list of param to calc estatistics |
| forcePredict | force the calculation without using predict? |
| dividirEm | how divide the base in training and validation |
| percentualDeTreino | how many percent will stay in the training group? |
| agruparPor | name field of base is group of individuals |
| fnCalculaVolume | list of estatistics results |

Value

will be returned a result of statistics and ranking of volume

| | |
|------|-------------|
| bias | <i>Bias</i> |
|------|-------------|

Description

In statistics, the bias (or bias function) of an estimator is the difference between this estimator's expected value and the true value of the parameter being estimated. An estimator or decision rule with zero bias is called unbiased. Otherwise the estimator is said to be biased.

Usage

```
bias(observados, estimados)
```

Arguments

| | |
|------------|-----------------------------|
| observados | vector of values observed. |
| estimados | vector of values estimated. |

Details

$\text{bias} = (\text{sum}(\text{estimados}-\text{observados}))/\text{length}(\text{observados})$

References

see https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Bias_of_an_estimator for more details.

| | |
|----------|----------------|
| calculaA | <i>Fator A</i> |
|----------|----------------|

Description

The linear intercept model,

Usage

```
calculaA(n, k)
```

Arguments

| | |
|---|---|
| n | the size of the vector of regression model data |
| k | is the number of model parameters |

Details

$a = (n-1)/(n-k-1)$

| | |
|-------------|------------------------------|
| calculaPerc | <i>calculates percentage</i> |
|-------------|------------------------------|

Description

With this function, you can calculate the ratio of one quantity or magnitude relative to another evaluated in percentage.

Usage

```
calculaPerc(valor, observados)
```

Arguments

| | |
|------------|---|
| valor | number amount you want to know the percentage |
| observados | number relationship to which you want to calculate the percentage, if it is a vector of integers is calculated its average. |

Details

```
calculaPerc = ((valor)/mean(observados))*100
```

| | |
|----------------------|----------------------------------|
| calculaVolumeDefault | <i>calculates Volume Default</i> |
|----------------------|----------------------------------|

Description

this function calculates the volume based on the height and volume of literature of the equation

Usage

```
calculaVolumeDefault(ht, dap, ...)
```

Arguments

| | |
|-----|---|
| ht | is list of height of individuals |
| dap | is list of diameter of individuals |
| ... | only for compatibility with other functions |

Value

will be returned a list of volume calc

ce *coefficient of efficiency*

Description

Nash Sutcliffe 1970 model efficiency coefficient is used to assess the predictive power of hydrological models.

Usage

```
ce(observados, estimados)
```

Arguments

| | |
|------------|----------------------------------|
| observados | vector of values observed. |
| estimados | vector of regression model data. |

References

(Nash and Sutcliffe, 1970) https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Nash-Sutcliffe_model_efficiency_coefficient for more details.

check.integer *Ckeck Integer*

Description

checks if a variable is integer

Usage

```
check.integer(x)
```

Arguments

| | |
|---|--------------|
| x | any variable |
|---|--------------|

Value

TRUE if "x" is integer, FALSE if "x" not is interger

Examples

```
x = 5
check.integer(x)
```

classificaClasseDAP *classifica Classe DAP*

Description

the center of the class that the DAP belongs.

Usage

```
classificaClasseDAP(dfClassesDAP, dap, getNhaClasse = FALSE,
getNCLASSES = FALSE)
```

Arguments

| | |
|--------------|--|
| dfClassesDAP | a frequency distribution with the attributes \$classe and \$centro |
| dap | integer Diameter at breast height |
| getNhaClasse | get NhaClasse field of dfClassesDAP, default false |
| getNCLASSES | get NCLASSES field of dfClassesDAP, default false |

Examples

```
dados = defineClasses(1, 10, 2, getDataFrame = TRUE)
classificaClasseDAP(dados,7)
```

classificarDAP *classify field dap*

Description

classify field dap as specified amplitude and includes a few fields

Usage

```
classificarDAP(inventario, amplitude = 1, verbose = FALSE)
```

Arguments

| | |
|------------|------------------------------------|
| inventario | the database to update |
| amplitude | it is amplitude of dap class |
| verbose | use TRUE to show status of process |

Value

data.frame with classeDAP field and other

contemParametros *which parameters are missing?*

Description

this function checks whether the labels of the parameters list to move to the functions is sufficient

Usage

```
contemParametros(funcoes, parametro, addParametro = c(), addArgs = c(),
exclui3pontos = T)
```

Arguments

| | |
|---------------|--|
| funcoes | is a or set of functions whose param will be verify |
| parametro | is list whose labels is name of param in funcoes, list of args to funcoes ex list(a="1", b="2") |
| addParametro | list of param included |
| addArgs | more param required |
| exclui3pontos | verify por ... ? in f<-function(a, ...) |

Value

will be returned the parameters that have not been reported in parametro and addParametro

converteCampoParaCharacter
Field Converts To Character

Description

converts a column of a dataframe to String

Usage

```
converteCampoParaCharacter(nomeCampo, base)
```

Arguments

| | |
|-----------|---|
| nomeCampo | the column name you want to convert |
| base | the column having DataFrame, that you want to convert to String |

Value

base DataFrame with a column converted to String

Examples

```
measurement_date <- c(02/2009,02/2010,02/2011,02/2011)
plot <- c(1,2,3,4)
test <- data.frame(measurement_date,plot)
converteCampoParaCharacter("measurement_date",test)
```

criaDadosPareados *Create Date Paired*

Description

paired a dataframe

Usage

```
criaDadosPareados(dataFrame, campoChave, campoComparacao, camposPareados,
camposNaoPareados, progress = TRUE)
```

Arguments

| | |
|-------------------|---|
| dataFrame | dataframe that you want to pair dataFrame must contain columns cod_id, ANO_MEDICAO1, ANO_MEDICAO2, DAP1, DAP2, HT1, HT2, ID_PROJETO |
| campoChave | character the column that will be paired |
| campoComparacao | character the field used to compare the period of change |
| camposPareados | vector the fields that will be paired exemple CamposPareados=c(dap,ht) |
| camposNaoPareados | the fields he wants to be present without the paired |
| progress | if TRUE show a progress bar |

Value

will be returned a dataframe containing columns cod_id, ANO_MEDICAO1, ANO_MEDICAO2, DAP1, DAP2, HT1, HT2, ID_PROJETO

criaModeloExclusivo *Create Exclusive Model for a database*

Description

this function returns a unique model is variable receive each mapeda variable ex .: criaModeloExclusivo (modeloCamposLeite, c ("age1", "age2", "bai1", "s"))

Usage

```
criaModeloExclusivo(modeloGenerico, variaveis, palpate = NULL)
```

Arguments

| | |
|----------------|--|
| modeloGenerico | model of pattern criaModeloGenerico |
| variaveis | list of name fields (strings) in database and model, the order of variables matter |
| palpite | string containing start values of function of regression |

Value

will be returned a function with exclusive model

criaModeloGenerico *Create function with generic model*

Description

This function creates a generic model that will be a funcao that has parameters for the variables that can be mapped to each different base. her return will be a generic model that should be mapped to be used by the function avaliaEstimativas

Usage

```
criaModeloGenerico(nome, formula, funcaoRegressao, variaveis,
                    palpate = NULL, maisParametros = NULL, requires = NULL)
```

Arguments

| | |
|-----------------|--|
| nome | is the name of model |
| formula | is the string formula begin with y2~y1 |
| funcaoRegressao | is the function that will make the regression, ex.: 'nlsLM' |
| variaveis | list variables that are present in the model that are field database |
| palpite | param start of funcaoRegressao |
| maisParametros | string add in funcaoRegressao, ex lm(y2~y1, data=base, maisParametros) |
| requires | list of string of packges used to work with funcaoRegressao |

Value

will be returned function with generic model to map to a base

| | |
|---------------|-----------------------|
| defineClasses | <i>define Classes</i> |
|---------------|-----------------------|

Description

creates a list with the class interval of a frequency distribution

Usage

```
defineClasses(limiteMin, limiteMax, amplitude, decrescente = TRUE,  
            getDataFrame = FALSE, verbose = FALSE)
```

Arguments

| | |
|--------------|--|
| limiteMin | the lowest list number |
| limiteMax | the largest number in the list |
| amplitude | List amplitude |
| decrescente | order by true decreasing , false increasing |
| getDataFrame | return a data.frame default false because old uses |
| verbose | show status default false |

| | |
|----------------|-------------------------|
| defineClasses2 | <i>define Classes 2</i> |
|----------------|-------------------------|

Description

creates a list with the class interval of a frequency distribution

Usage

```
defineClasses2(dados, amplitude)
```

Arguments

| | |
|-----------|-------------------------------|
| dados | a vector of numbers |
| amplitude | integer Class amplitude range |

Examples

```
dados <- c(1,2,3,4)  
defineClasses2(dados,2)
```

estatisticas

Estatistics

Description

this function returns a data.frame containing fields observado and estimado

Usage

```
estatisticas(observado, estimado, dfEstatisticas = NULL, ...)
```

Arguments

- observado list containing the observations of variable
- estimado list containing estimates of variable
- dfEstatisticas a data.frame
- ... only for compatibility with other functions

Value

will be returned a list with data.frame with observado and estimado fields and other with staticcts of model add

estatisticasBIAS

BIAS Estatistics

Description

this function returns a data.frame containing fields bias

Usage

```
estatisticasBIAS(observado, estimado, dfEstatisticas = NULL, ...)
```

Arguments

- observado list containing the observations of variable
- estimado list containing estimates of variable
- dfEstatisticas a data.frame
- ... only for compatibility with other functions

Value

will be returned data.frame with bias

estatisticasBiasPERCENTUAL
percent BIAS Estatistics

Description

this function returns a data.frame containing fields biasPERCENTUAL

Usage

```
estatisticasBiasPERCENTUAL(observado, estimado, dfEstatisticas, ...)
```

Arguments

- | | |
|----------------|--|
| observado | list containing the observations of variable |
| estimado | list containing estimates of variable |
| dfEstatisticas | a data.frame with field bias |
| ... | only for compatibility with other functions |

Value

will be returned data.frame with biasPERCENTUAL

estatisticasCE *CE Estatistics*

Description

this function returns a data.frame containing fields

Usage

```
estatisticasCE(observado, estimado, dfEstatisticas = NULL, ...)
```

Arguments

- | | |
|----------------|--|
| observado | list containing the observations of variable |
| estimado | list containing estimates of variable |
| dfEstatisticas | a data.frame |
| ... | only for compatibility with other functions |

Value

will be returned data.frame with CE

estatisticasCORR *Correlacion Estatistics*

Description

this function returns a data.frame containing fields corr

Usage

```
estatisticasCORR(observado, estimado, dfEstatisticas = NULL, ...)
```

Arguments

- observado list containing the observations of variable
- estimado list containing estimates of variable
- dfEstatisticas a data.frame
- ... only for compatibility with other functions

Value

will be returned data.frame with corr field

estatisticasCorrPERCENTUAL
Percent Correlacion Estatistics

Description

this function returns a data.frame containing fields corr_PERCENTUAL

Usage

```
estatisticasCorrPERCENTUAL(observado, estimado, dfEstatisticas, ...)
```

Arguments

- observado list containing the observations of variable
- estimado list containing estimates of variable
- dfEstatisticas a data.frame with corr field
- ... only for compatibility with other functions

Value

will be returned data.frame with corr_PERCENTUAL field

| | |
|-----------------------|--------------------------------|
| estatisticasCV | <i>Co variance Estatistics</i> |
|-----------------------|--------------------------------|

Description

this function returns a data.frame containing fields cv

Usage

```
estatisticasCV(observado, estimado, ajuste = NULL,
  dfEstatisticas = NULL, baseDoAjuste = NULL, formulaDoAjuste = NULL,
  ...)
```

Arguments

| | |
|-----------------|---|
| observado | list containing the observations of variable |
| estimado | list containing estimates of variable |
| ajuste | is ajust obtained a function like lm or nlsLM |
| dfEstatisticas | a data.frame |
| baseDoAjuste | data.frame optional |
| formulaDoAjuste | formula used in ajust |
| ... | only for compatibility with other functions |

Value

will be returned data.frame with cv

| | |
|---------------------------------|--|
| estatisticasCvPERCENTUAL | <i>Percent Co variance Estatistics</i> |
|---------------------------------|--|

Description

this function returns a data.frame containing fields cvPERCENTUAL

Usage

```
estatisticasCvPERCENTUAL(observado, estimado, dfEstatisticas, ...)
```

Arguments

| | |
|----------------|--|
| observado | list containing the observations of variable |
| estimado | list containing estimates of variable |
| dfEstatisticas | a data.frame with cv field |
| ... | only for compatibility with other functions |

Value

will be returned data.frame with cvPERCENTUAL

| | |
|-----------------|------------------------|
| estatisticasMAE | <i>MAE Estatistics</i> |
|-----------------|------------------------|

Description

this function returns a data.frame containing fields mae

Usage

```
estatisticasMAE(observado, estimado, dfEstatisticas = NULL, ...)
```

Arguments

| | |
|----------------|--|
| observado | list containing the observations of variable |
| estimado | list containing estimates of variable |
| dfEstatisticas | a data.frame |
| ... | only for compatibility with other functions |

Value

will be returned data.frame with mae

| | |
|----------------|---|
| estatisticasR2 | <i>R2 Estatistics for linear models</i> |
|----------------|---|

Description

this function returns a data.frame containing fields r2

Usage

```
estatisticasR2(observado, estimado, dfEstatisticas = NULL,
  ajuste = NULL, intercepto = TRUE, formulaDoAjuste = NULL,
  baseDoAjuste = NULL, ...)
```

Arguments

| | |
|-----------------|---|
| observado | list containing the observations of variable |
| estimado | list containing estimates of variable |
| dfEstatisticas | a data.frame |
| ajuste | is ajust obtained a function like lm or nlsLM |
| intercepto | intercepts? |
| formulaDoAjuste | formula used in ajust |
| baseDoAjuste | data.frame optional |
| ... | only for compatibility with other functions |

Value

will be returned data.frame with r2

estisticasResiduoPERCENTUAL
Residuals Estatistics

Description

this function returns a data.frame containing field residuoPERCENTUAL

Usage

```
estisticasResiduoPERCENTUAL(observado, estimado, dfEstatisticas = NULL,
...)
```

Arguments

| | |
|----------------|--|
| observado | list containing the observations of variable |
| estimado | list containing estimates of variable |
| dfEstatisticas | a data.frame containing field residuo |
| ... | only for compatibility with other functions |

Value

will be returned data.frame with percent Residuals field

estisticasResiduos *Residuals Estatistics*

Description

this function returns a data.frame containing field residuo

Usage

```
estisticasResiduos(observado, estimado, dfEstatisticas = NULL, ...)
```

Arguments

- observado list containing the observations of variable
- estimado list containing estimates of variable
- dfEstatisticas a data.frame
- ... only for compatibility with other functions

Value

will be returned data.frame with Residuals field

estisticasRMSE *RMSE Estatistics*

Description

this function returns a data.frame containing fields rmse

Usage

```
estisticasRMSE(observado, estimado, dfEstatisticas = NULL, ...)
```

Arguments

- observado list containing the observations of variable
- estimado list containing estimates of variable
- dfEstatisticas a data.frame
- ... only for compatibility with other functions

Value

will be returned data.frame with RMSE calc

estatisticasRmsePERCENTUAL
percent RMSE Estatistics

Description

this function returns a data.frame containing fields rmsePERCENTUAL

Usage

```
estatisticasRmsePERCENTUAL(observado, estimado, dfEstatisticas, ...)
```

Arguments

- | | |
|----------------|--|
| observado | list containing the observations of variable |
| estimado | list containing estimates of variable |
| dfEstatisticas | a data.frame containing field rmse |
| ... | only for compatibility with other functions |

Value

will be returned data.frame with rmse PERCENTUAL calc

estatisticasRRMSE *RRMSE Estatistics*

Description

this function returns a data.frame containing fields RRMSE

Usage

```
estatisticasRRMSE(observado, estimado, dfEstatisticas = NULL, ...)
```

Arguments

- | | |
|----------------|--|
| observado | list containing the observations of variable |
| estimado | list containing estimates of variable |
| dfEstatisticas | a data.frame |
| ... | only for compatibility with other functions |

Value

will be returned data.frame with rrmse

evalAgeBased*Evaluate Age Based*

Description

This function evaluates the volume of past data frames based on the parameter 'listOfdata'

Usage

```
evalAgeBased(listOfdata, mapper = list(volume2 = "volume2", volume2est =  
  "volume2est", dap2 = "dap2", dap2est = "dap2est", ht2 = "ht2", ht2est =  
  "ht2est"), fnAvaliaEstimativas = avaliaEstimativas,  
 paramEstatisticsDAP, paramEstatisticsHT, paramEstatisticsVolume,  
 titulos = "paste(\"Idade\", idade)", ageER = ".*_",  
 nameModel = NULL)
```

Arguments

listOfdata the list that contains the data frames predicts
 mapper mapper from labels of fields volume, dap, ht
 fnAvaliaEstimativas
 funcion to evaluate dataframes of listOfdata
 paramEstatisticsDAP
 parameters to pass to function 'fnAvaliaEstimativas'
 paramEstatisticsHT
 analogous to paramEstatisticsDAP
 paramEstatisticsVolume
 analogous to paramEstatisticsDAP
 titulos customize titles of grafics
 ageER regex used to discover age in names from dataframe in listOfdata
 nameModel name of model used to predict to generate listOfdata optional

Value

will be returned a list of round ages

fator_bias*Fator Bias*

Description

The bias factor indicates the average of the observed values is above or below the equity line.

Usage

```
fator_bias(observados, estimados, n)
```

Arguments

- | | |
|------------|---|
| observados | vector of values observed. |
| estimados | vector of values estimated. |
| n | the size of the vector of regression model data |

Details

fator_bias = $10^{(\text{sum}(\log(\text{estimados}/\text{observados}))/n))}$ #' @references see <https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S0165176599001949> for more details.

geraModelo

Generates function to work with a model

Description

this function generates unique model given: A formula and a guess (optional: name, funcaoRegressao, maisParametros, requires - proidido: custom]) or[A string saying how the return will be obtained eg custom = "lm (dap2 dap1 ~ * b 0)" (if the formula can not be passed just go empty, ex .: formula = "")]

Usage

```
geraModelo(nome = "modelo sem nome", formula,
funcaoRegressao = "nlsLM", palpite = NULL, maisParametros = NULL,
requires = NULL, customizado = NULL)
```

Arguments

| | |
|-----------------|--|
| nome | is the name of model |
| formula | is the string formula begin with y2~y1 |
| funcaoRegressao | is the function that will make the regression, ex.: 'nlsLM' |
| palpite | param start of funcaoRegressao |
| maisParametros | string add in funcaoRegressao, ex lm(y2~y1, data=base, maisParametros) |
| requires | list of string of packges used to work with funcaoRegressao |
| customizado | if you want to write as the return will be obtained report as a string |

Value

will be returned a function with exclusive model

| | |
|---------------|-----------------------------|
| getAnoMedicao | <i>Get Year Measurement</i> |
|---------------|-----------------------------|

Description

using column_name_measurement_date column in the form MM/YYYY creates a new column with the name "ANO_MEDICAO" in YYYY format

Usage

```
getAnoMedicao(dataFrame, column_name_measurement_date, column_name_plot)
```

Arguments

| | |
|------------------------------|---|
| dataFrame | that has the column DATE(MM/YYYY) and a ID column_name_plot |
| column_name_measurement_date | column with a date format |
| column_name_plot | a column of dataFrame, identification of plot (ID_plot) |

Value

dataFrame dataframe that has columns column_name_measurement_date, column_name_plot, ANO_MEDICAO

Examples

```
column_name_measurement_date <- c("02/2009", "02/2010", "02/2011", "02/2012")
column_name_plot <- c(1,2,3,4)
test <- data.frame(column_name_measurement_date, column_name_plot)
getAnoMedicao(test, "column_name_measurement_date", "column_name_plot")
```

getBaseOfAjust *get database Of Ajust*

Description

this function returns the database used in the setting

Usage

```
getBaseOfAjust(ajuste)
```

Arguments

ajuste is ajust obtained a function like lm or nlsLM

Value

will be returned a string which is the database of ajust

getClasses *Get List of DAP Classes*

Description

this function return a list of data.frame where each contains a number of dap classes according to reported basis

Usage

```
getClasses(base, amplitude, verbose = FALSE)
```

Arguments

base the data.frame containing fields limiteMin, limiteMax of parcela and idadearred
amplitude it is amplitude of dap class
verbose use TRUE to show status of process

Value

list of data.frame

`getColumnsOfAjust` *get Columns used in Ajust*

Description

this function returns an array with the column names that are on the model and reported basis or basis used in ajust

Usage

```
getColumnsOfAjust(ajuste, dfDados = NULL, excludeY1andY2 = T)
```

Arguments

| | |
|-----------------------------|--|
| <code>ajuste</code> | is ajust obtained a function like lm or nlsLM |
| <code>dfDados</code> | data.frame optional |
| <code>excludeY1andY2</code> | delete Y1 and Y2 fields? del formula(y1~y2...) |

Value

will be returned list of columns used in ajust

`getColumnsOfBase` *get Columns Of Base present in the string*

Description

this function returns the columns of a base whose names are present in the string strColumns

Usage

```
getColumnsOfBase(base, strColumns)
```

Arguments

| | |
|-------------------------|---|
| <code>base</code> | data.frame |
| <code>strColumns</code> | string containing name fields of the base |

Value

will be returned list with fields whose name are present in the string

`getFormulaExclusivaOfAjust`
get Formula Exclusive Of Ajust

Description

this function returns the formula of the model used in `ajust`

Usage

getFormulaExclusivaOfAjust(ajuste)

Arguments

ajuste is a function obtained like lm or nlsLM

Value

will be returned a string which is the formula of a just

`getggplot2Graphic0bservadoXEstimado`
Get ggplot2 Gropic observed versus estimated

Description

this function displays/saves/returns a Graphical ggplot2 illustrating the difference between the observed and estimated

Usage

```
getggplot2GraphicObservadoXEstimado(titulo = "observadoXestimado",
  nome = "observadoXestimado", observado, estimado,
  identificadorIndividual = NULL, identificadorGrupal = NULL,
  showTestF = TRUE, TestFposition = 4,
  titleIdentificadorGrupal = NULL, save = NULL, labsX = "observado",
  labsY = "estimado", nomeParaExibir = NULL, environ = 1,
  extensao = ".png", ...)
```

Arguments

| | |
|---------------------------------------|---|
| <code>titulo</code> | is the title graphic |
| <code>nome</code> | name of file case save |
| <code>observado</code> | list containing the observations of variable |
| <code>estimado</code> | list containing estimates of variable |
| <code>identificadorIndividual</code> | list containing 'id' of individuals |
| <code>identificadorGrupal</code> | list containing group of individuals |
| <code>showTestF</code> | draw results of test F in graphic? |
| <code>TestPosition</code> | show one of the four corners of the graph clockwise |
| <code>titleIdentificadorGrupal</code> | title of Legend of the groups |
| <code>save</code> | If you want to save enter the directory as a string |
| <code>labsX</code> | label x |
| <code>labsy</code> | label y |
| <code>nomeParaExibir</code> | This is the name to display the graph as a function after the completion of this environment in which the function to display the ggplot2 must be saved |
| <code>environ</code> | |
| <code>extensao</code> | type of image that will be saved |
| <code>...</code> | only for compatibility with other functions |

Value

will be returned the graphical generated by ggplot2

`getGraphicHistogram` *Get Histogram of Residuals absolute*

Description

this function displays/saves a histogram graph illustrating the frequency of waste in classes

Usage

```
getGraphicHistogram(titulo = "residuos", nome = "observadoXestimado",
estisticas, save = NULL, vetorial = T, ...)
```

Arguments

| | |
|-------------------------|---|
| <code>titulo</code> | is the title graphic |
| <code>nome</code> | name of file case save |
| <code>estisticas</code> | data.frame containing field 'residuo' |
| <code>save</code> | If you want to save enter the directory as a string |
| <code>vetorial</code> | save picture in vector type? (Default TRUE) |
| <code>...</code> | only for compatibility with other functions |

getGraphicObservadoXEstimado

Get Graphic Observed X Estimated

Description

this function display/save a graphic scatter.smooth illustrating the difference between the observed and estimated

Usage

```
getGraphicObservadoXEstimado(titulo = "observadoXestimado",
  nome = "observadoXestimado", observado, estimado, showTestF = TRUE,
  save = NULL, labsX = "observado", labsy = "estimado",
  vetorial = T, ...)
```

Arguments

| | |
|-----------|---|
| titulo | is the title graphic |
| nome | name of file case save |
| observado | list containing the observations of variable |
| estimado | list containing estimates of variable |
| showTestF | draw results of test F in graphic? |
| save | If you want to save enter the directory as a string |
| labsX | label x |
| labsy | label y |
| vetorial | save picture in vector type? (Default TRUE) |
| ... | only for compatibility with other functions |

getGraphicResiduoAbs *Get Graphic Residuals absolute*

Description

this function displays/saves a graph illustrating the distribution scatter.smooth of residues

Usage

```
getGraphicResiduoAbs(titulo = "residuo absoluto",
  nome = "observadoXestimado", strVariavelXResiduo = NULL,
  estatisticas, save = NULL, labsX = "observacao",
  labsy = "residuos", vetorial = T, ...)
```

Arguments

| | |
|---------------------|---|
| titulo | is the title graphic |
| nome | name of file case save |
| strVariavelXResiduo | list containing variable for compare with residuals |
| estatisticas | data.frame containing field 'residuo' |
| save | If you want to save enter the directory as a string |
| labsX | label x |
| labsy | label y |
| vetorial | save picture in vector type? (Default TRUE) |
| ... | only for compatibility with other functions |

getGraphicResiduoPerc *Get Graphic Residuals percent*

Description

this function displays/saves a graph illustrating the distribution scatter.smooth of residues

Usage

```
getGraphicResiduoPerc(titulo = "Residuo Percentual (%)",
                      nome = "observadoXestimado", strVariavelXResiduo = NULL,
                      estatisticas, save = NULL, labsX = "observacao",
                      labsy = "residuos", vetorial = T, ...)
```

Arguments

| | |
|---------------------|---|
| titulo | is the title graphic |
| nome | name of file case save |
| strVariavelXResiduo | list containing variable for compare with residuals |
| estatisticas | data.frame containing field 'residuoPERCENTUAL' |
| save | If you want to save enter the directory as a string |
| labsX | label x |
| labsy | label y |
| vetorial | save picture in vector type? (Default TRUE) |
| ... | only for compatibility with other functions |

`getParametrosOfModel` *get Parametros Of Model*

Description

this function retona columns the base of the parameter or setting present in the model

Usage

```
getParametrosOfModel(ajuste, base = NULL, formula = NULL)
```

Arguments

| | |
|----------------------|---|
| <code>ajuste</code> | is ajust obtained a function like lm or nlsLM |
| <code>base</code> | optional data.frame whose fields name is present in formula |
| <code>formula</code> | string containing name fields of the base |

Value

will be returned list of columns used in ajust or in formula

`ifrm` *ifrm*

Description

if the object does not exist an error will not happen.

Usage

```
ifrm(obj, env = globalenv())
```

Arguments

| | |
|------------------|------------------------------------|
| <code>obj</code> | the object that you want to remove |
| <code>env</code> | The global environment |

Examples

```
a = 5
ifrm(a)
ifrm(b)
```

isfinitedataframe *is finite data frame*

Description

check if a data.frame has any non-finite elements

Usage

```
isfinitedataframe(obj)
```

Arguments

| | |
|-----|------------|
| obj | any object |
|-----|------------|

Value

TRUE if "x" is finite, FALSE if "x" is not finite

Examples

```
date <- c("02/2009", "02/2010", "02/2011", "02/2012")
x <- c(1, 2, 3, 4)
test <- data.frame(x, date)
isfinitedataframe(test)
isfinitedataframe(x)
```

listToDataFrame *List to DataFrame*

Description

converts a list in a dataframe

Usage

```
listToDataFrame(dlist)
```

Arguments

| | |
|-------|--------|
| dlist | a list |
|-------|--------|

Examples

```
a <- 1:5
listToDataFrame(a)
b = listToDataFrame(a)
```

| | |
|-----|----------------------------------|
| mae | <i>mean absolute error (mae)</i> |
|-----|----------------------------------|

Description

is a quantity used to measure how close forecasts or predictions are to the eventual outcomes. The mean absolute error is given by.

Usage

```
mae(observados, estimados)
```

Arguments

- | | |
|------------|----------------------------------|
| observados | vector of values observed. |
| estimados | vector of regression model data. |

Details

```
mae = mean(abs(observados-estimados))
```

Value

Function that returns Mean Absolute Error

References

see https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Mean_absolute_error for more details.

| | |
|-----|---------------------------|
| mse | <i>Mean squared error</i> |
|-----|---------------------------|

Description

the MSE is the mean of the square of the errors, corresponding to the expected value of the squared error loss or quadratic loss. The difference occurs because of randomness or because the estimator doesn't account for information that could produce a more accurate estimate.

Usage

```
mse(observados, estimados, k)
```

Arguments

- | | |
|------------|----------------------------------|
| observados | vector of values observed. |
| estimados | vector of regression model data. |
| k | the number of model parameters |

Details

`mse = (sum(estimados-observados)^2)/(length(observados)-k)`

References

See https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Mean_squared_error for more details.

`mspr`

mspr

Description

average square of the prediction errors .

Usage

`mspr(observados, estimados, nValidacao)`

Arguments

- | | |
|-------------------------|---|
| <code>observados</code> | vector of values observed. |
| <code>estimados</code> | vector of regression model data. |
| <code>nValidacao</code> | number of cases in the validation data set. |

References

JESUS, S. C.; MIURA, A. K. Analise de regressao linear multipla para estimativa do indice de vegetacao melhorado (EVI) a partir das bandas 3 4 e 5 do sensor TM/Landsat 5. In: SIMPOSIO BRASILEIRO DE SENSORIAMENTO REMOTO, 14. (SBSR), 2009, Natal. Anais... Sao Jose dos Campos: INPE, 2009. p. 1103-1110. DVD, On-line. ISBN 978-85-17-00044-7. (INPE-15901-PRE/10511)

`predizer`

Predict

Description

this function is the replacement predict, she tries to predict if the return zero predict it calculates the prediction with the coefficients reported in the parameter setting

Usage

`predizer(ajuste, newdata, force = FALSE, ...)`

Arguments

| | |
|---------|---|
| ajuste | is ajust obtained a function like lm or nlsLM |
| newdata | dataframe where fields will be update |
| force | force the calculation without using predict? |
| ... | only for compatibility with other functions |

Value

will be returned list of values predicts

projectBaseOriented *Project Base Oriented*

Description

this function build a list of dataframe with projects of ages between 'firstAge' and 'lastAge' params

Usage

```
projectBaseOriented(firstAge = NaN, lastAge = NaN, fitDAP, fitHT, base,
  mapper = list(age1 = "idadearred1", dap1 = "dap1", dap2 = "dap2", ht1 =
  "ht1", ht2 = "ht2"), calcVolume = calculaVolumeDefault,
  forcePredict = F)
```

Arguments

| | |
|--------------|---|
| firstAge | the first age to predict |
| lastAge | the last age to predict |
| fitDAP | a fit get function inherit lm to DAP |
| fitHT | a fit get function inherit lm to HT |
| base | data base |
| mapper | the label used in fields to age, dap and ht |
| calcVolume | function to calc volume |
| forcePredict | force calc base coefficients or se predict()? |

Value

will be returned a list of volume predict to ages in dataframe and/or param

R21a

*R21a***Description**

To avoid any problems and confusion on the part of the data analyst, it seems a safe recommendation to use R21a consistently for any type of model with the appropriate a value, rather than adjusting any of the other

Usage

```
R21a(observados, estimados, k)
```

Arguments

| | |
|------------|-----------------------------------|
| observados | vector of values observed. |
| estimados | vector of values estimated. |
| k | is the number of model parameters |

Details

```
R21a <- 1-a*(1 - R21)
```

R29a

*R29a***Description**

To avoid any problems and confusion on the part of the data analyst, it seems a safe recommendation to use R29a consistently for any type of model with the appropriate a value, rather than adjusting any of the other.

Usage

```
R29a(observados, estimados, k)
```

Arguments

| | |
|------------|-----------------------------------|
| observados | vector of values observed. |
| estimados | vector of values estimated. |
| k | is the number of model parameters |

Details

```
R29a <- 1-a*(1 - R29)
```

| | |
|-------------|--------------------------------------|
| residuoPerc | <i>calculates residue percentage</i> |
|-------------|--------------------------------------|

Description

this function calculates the vector residue percentage.

Usage

```
residuoPerc(observados, estimados)
```

Arguments

| | |
|------------|-----------------------------|
| observados | vector of values observed. |
| estimados | vector of values estimated. |

Details

```
calculaPerc = ((valor)/mean(observados))*100
```

| | |
|--------------|---------------------|
| retornaValor | <i>return value</i> |
|--------------|---------------------|

Description

this feature is designed to fix variables that its content was a command

Usage

```
retornaValor(valor)
```

Arguments

| | |
|-------|--------------|
| valor | any variable |
|-------|--------------|

Value

the variable converted to its value

Examples

```
a = 5  
retornaValor(a)
```

| | |
|-------------|-------------------------------|
| rmse | <i>Root Mean Square Error</i> |
|-------------|-------------------------------|

Description

The root-mean-square error (RMSE) is a frequently used measure of the differences between values (sample and population values) predicted by a model or an estimator and the values actually observed.

Usage

```
rmse(observados, estimados)
```

Arguments

- | | |
|-------------------|----------------------------------|
| observados | vector of values observed. |
| estimados | vector of regression model data. |

Details

```
rmse = sqrt(mean((observados - estimados)^2))
```

References

See https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Root-mean-square_deviation for more details.

| | |
|-----------------|-------------------|
| roundAge | <i>Round Ages</i> |
|-----------------|-------------------|

Description

this function approaching the age to the nearest age as an integer

Usage

```
roundAge(plots, ages, inYears = F, firstAge = NaN)
```

Arguments

- | | |
|-----------------|--|
| plots | is list of plots |
| ages | is list of age |
| inYears | ages are in year? |
| firstAge | synchronize begin of ages with an age? what age? |

Value

will be returned a list of round ages

rrmse*relative root mean square error*

Description

relative root mean square error (RRMSE) is calculated by dividing the RMSE by the mean observed data

Usage

```
rrmse(observados, estimados)
```

Arguments

| | |
|------------|----------------------------------|
| observados | vector of values observed. |
| estimados | vector of regression model data. |

salvaModelo*save function with Model*

Description

save function with Model of type criaModeloGenerico or criaModeloExclusivo

Usage

```
salvaModelo(modelo, diretorio = "")
```

Arguments

| | |
|-----------|---|
| modelo | function with Model the save |
| diretorio | directory to save the file, if not informed saved in the work directory |

separaDados*Data Separates***Description**

divides the DataFrame as the percentage defined in percTraining enabling apply and measure the performance of the regression equation.

Usage

```
separaDados(dataFrame, fieldName, percTraining = 0.7, seed = NULL)
```

Arguments

| | |
|--------------|--|
| dataFrame | source of data |
| fieldName | column of DataFrame that will be applied regression |
| percTraining | percentage that will be reserved for training (default 0.70) |
| seed | integer that determines how the sample is randomly chosen (default NULL) |

syx*Standard Error of Estimate***Description**

Measures the variability, or scatter of the observed values around the regression line

Usage

```
syx(observados, estimados, n, p)
```

Arguments

| | |
|------------|---|
| observados | vector of values observed. |
| estimados | vector of values estimated. |
| n | the amount of values observed |
| p | the size of the vector of regression model data |

syxPerc*Standard Error of Estimate Percentage*

Description

Measures the variability, or scatter of the observed values around the regression line

Usage

```
syxPerc(syx, observados)
```

Arguments

| | |
|------------|---|
| syx | result of the function syx(Standard Error of Estimate). |
| observados | vector of values observed. |

verificaTipoColuna*Check de type of Column*

Description

this function returns the type of a column of a DataFrame, if it is numeric or character.

Usage

```
verificaTipoColuna(coluna)
```

Arguments

| | |
|--------|---------------------|
| coluna | column of dataframe |
|--------|---------------------|

Examples

```
ID_REGIAO <- c(1,2,3,4)
CD_PLANTIO <- c("ACD","CDB","CDC","CDD")
test <- data.frame(ID_REGIAO,CD_PLANTIO)
verificaTipoColuna(test$ID_REGIAO)
```

whichmedian

whichmedian

Description

vector position that has its closest median value

Usage

`whichmedian(x)`

Arguments

`x` a vector of numbers

Value

vector position that has its closest median value

Examples

```
dados <- c(1,2,3,4,9,5,6)
whichmedian(dados)
```

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